

GENERAL INCREASE IS REFUSED MINERS

Operators Willing to Adjust Individual Cases of Inequality.

By the Associated Press. PHILADELPHIA, December 9.—While willing to adjust any individual cases of injustice or inequality within the present agreement, representatives of the anthracite mine operators yesterday notified the mine workers that they are against granting any general additional wage increase or take any action that would tend to reopen the award of the United States anthracite coal commission.

The attitude of the mine owners toward the demands of the miners for general additional wage increases, a \$6 minimum day labor rate and a universal eight-hour day for the hard coal workers was made known to the miners at an executive session of the joint subscale committee of the anthracite miners and operators, which had been holding almost continuous conferences during the last three days.

Pending a meeting of the operators to make a more formal answer as to their position on general wage increases, the miners' representatives will make a report on today's reply at a special meeting of the mine workers' general scale committee called for next Saturday at Hazleton, Pa.

Will Restore Order.

NEW YORK, December 9.—Gov.

John J. Cornwell of West Virginia, speaking last night to the members of the Southern Society, declared order is going to be restored in the disturbed mining regions of the state. "If it takes every man we can enroll in West Virginia and the United States Army in the bargain."

Describing the conditions in Mingo county, where troops were called out, the governor said it was true there have been "forty or fifty deaths and a number of people have been beaten." He declared, however, his state had not abandoned its sovereignty by this action.

Coal operators in Alabama and Mingo county, W. Va., are determined to fight the striking miners in those regions "to a finish," said a statement by George Dexter, director of the New York Wholesale Coal Trade Association, made public by the association.

Small Percentage in Union.

Mr. Dexter, who owns four mines and who has just returned from the strike districts, said:

"Less than 10 per cent of the miners have joined the union and by their murderous tactics they are attempting to force the other 90 per cent to join their organization. Most of the fighting is being done from ambush in traditional feudal fashion, but the introduction of the militia is gradually bringing order out of chaos."

The producers are determined to continue the fight on the unionizing of the men against their will, until the union concedes defeat."

A TEACHER'S REWARD.

From the Seneca Vocational School. We have just learned of a teacher who started poor twenty years ago and has retired with the comfortable fortune of \$50,000. This was acquired through industry, economy, conscientious effort, indomitable perseverance and the death of an uncle who left her an estate valued at \$49,999.99.

SENATORS PAY TRIBUTE TO LATE MR. BANKHEAD

Memorial Services Held Today, at Which Praise Is Expressed.

Memorial services for the late Senator Bankhead of Alabama occupied the entire session of the Senate today. Eulogies dealing with the character and career of the dead senator were delivered by Senators Underwood of Alabama, Nelson of Minnesota, Fletcher of Florida, Lodge of Massachusetts, Smith of Arizona, Townsend of Michigan, Ransdell of Louisiana, Shields of Tennessee, Pomeroy of Ohio, Dial of South Carolina, McKellar of Tennessee and Heflin of Alabama.

Senator Bankhead was the last of the members of the Senate who served in the Confederate army. He enlisted as a private in the 16th Alabama Regiment at the outbreak of the war and became a captain after the battle of Chickamauga.

He led the 16th Alabama Regiment in a charge at the battle of Chickamauga. He was wounded, but crawled from the line of fire carrying on his back a private of his regiment who was desperately wounded. "Each new responsibility that came to him he successfully mastered. He filled with credit to himself and his state the high positions conferred upon him. He died at his post of duty, a faithful public servant, mourned by a devoted people, who loved him for his frank and manly dealings with his fellows, his loyalty to his trusts of high responsibility and his unswerving and modest mode of life."

Senator Bankhead was a pioneer in the movement for good roads, and was the author of the federal good roads law.

CONFERR ON TRIBUTE TO MR. ROOSEVELT

Members of Memorial Committee Arrive for Session Tomorrow.

With Elihu Root, chairman of the committee on the Roosevelt memorial in Washington, and other members expected to reach the city today, the committee tomorrow will hold its first meeting, probably at the Willard Hotel, to give consideration to designs and sites. A two-day session is in prospect.

While it is improbable that either a design for a memorial or a site will be chosen at this conference, there is every likelihood, it was stated today, that sufficient progress will be made to make an early selection of both probable.

Have Inspected Sites.

Col. William Boyce Thompson, president of the Roosevelt Memorial Association, with Hermann Hagedorn, secretary, and Charles Moore, chairman of the National Fine Arts Commission, have made a preliminary inspection of proposed sites and otherwise prepared for the first meeting of the committee.

Personnel of Committee.

Mr. Hagedorn said today that the sites which have been offered are located in widely separated sections of the city and that several of them would be admirably suited to the purposes of a memorial. Selection of a site, however, will be governed in large measure by the type of memorial that is to be chosen.

The committee, which meets tomorrow, is composed of Elihu Root, James B. Gifford, James P. Goodrich, George Harvey, Hiram W. Johnson, Frank B. Kellogg, Mrs. Whitehead Reid, Raymond Robbins, Julius Roosevelt, Gen. Leonard Wood, Louis E. Wright and Col. Thompson, ex-officio.

Mr. Hagedorn, in addition to performing the duties of secretary of the association, is assembling materials for a book dealing with Col. Roosevelt's career as a western rancher. The book, entitled "Roosevelt in Dakota," will be published in the spring. Mr. Hagedorn recently spent several months in the Dakota meeting old friends of the former President.

CASE OF CABRERA SOON TO COME UP

Early Consideration of Moses Resolution by Committee Expected.

There was prospect today of early consideration by the Senate foreign relations committee of the Moses resolution calling for information regarding the deposing, imprisonment and alleged mistreatment of former President Estrada Cabrera of Guatemala.

Benton McMillin, the United States minister to Guatemala, is in Washington and may be called to testify before the committee.

Dr. Julio Bianchi, Guatemalan minister to the United States, announced today that he would inform the State Department that his government had no objection to the fullest investigation of the detention and treatment of Dr. Cabrera.

Committee Action Expected.

The committee has not had a meeting to consider the Moses resolution, but, in view of the fact that Minister McMillin is in this country on vacation and expects to return to Guatemala shortly after Christmas, it was considered likely action by the committee would be expedited.

Although Minister McMillin has kept the State Department informed of the Guatemalan situation and made reports by cable at the time of the overthrow of the Cabrera regime, it is understood that his government had no objection to the fullest investigation of the detention and treatment of Dr. Cabrera since his arrival in this country.

Alleged Guaranty Violated.

According to information submitted by Senator Moses, the United States minister played a conspicuous part in protecting the life of Dr. Cabrera. The agreement under which the deposed executive was to have been lodged in the military academy, which it was alleged, was violated when he was thrown into a common jail and there confined in a cell used only for the imprisonment of dangerous criminals. It is reported to have been signed in the American legation.

Declines to Comment.

Minister McMillin, who is staying at the Willard Hotel during a brief visit to the capital, declined today to be interviewed regarding the facts in the Cabrera case, on the ground that it would be improper for him to portend to the State Department or testifying before the Senate committee.

It may be stated, however, that he is ready to report fully on the situation when called upon to do so.

Concerning the general situation in Guatemala today, Mr. McMillin stated that conditions are satisfactory and that there is a growing disposition on the part of Guatemala's commercial interests to favor the United States in trade expansion. He said that the present Guatemalan administration is friendly in its attitude toward this country.

Minister Bianchi, in his announcement today, denied that Dr. Cabrera was being held in a prison cell. He said the former president occupied a suite of three rooms, which included a personal office.

FIGHTS FOR CHILDREN.

Mrs. Amelia W. Bodmer Opposes Former Husband's Petition.

Hearing is in progress today before Justice Hitz of the District Superior Court in the custody of Amelia W. Bodmer, children of her former wife, Mrs. Bodmer.

The wife is fighting against the husband's petition for the custody of the children, which was granted to him by the decree of a court in New Jersey, which gave the husband his divorce.

WOMEN OF IRELAND STEEL FOR FIGHT

(Continued from First Page.)

The British empire for the time being, when England and Ireland are at all, all coal and all else that she wants there will be other troubles. The witness admitted the claim that troubles between Ireland and England were parallel to the civil war in this country. "The parallel is to be found in your war of 1776 against England. And even you had far less reason to secede from the mother country than Ireland has today, because England was never our mother country," she said. "The parallel of your civil war was the difference between Ulster and south Ireland today."

Tells of British Hatred.

Miss MacSwiney recounted instances which she said proved that the British government was deliberately firing religious hatreds, and added that there would be no religious differences if Protestants and Catholics were left without outside interference. The Irish have never persecuted anybody, she asserted, adding that Ireland was today a peaceful and a satisfied people.

"The British government," Miss MacSwiney continued, "has instituted a reign of terror in Ireland. It seeks to destroy property and to throw people out of work. It wants to starve us into submission. The Irish people will not submit. England will get us we will establish prosperity in our republic. We will keep our ports open and promise to let none use them as a war base."

Senator Walsh of Massachusetts, a member of the commission, propounded a series of questions, led the witness to declare that a de facto government had been created in Ireland and that under it the citizens of the provisional republic seek to govern themselves. Also under his questioning, Miss MacSwiney said that the British courts "sat behind barred

wire barricades and sand bags, surrounded by a regiment of soldiers, waiting for cases which never come," while the Irish republicans, she said, turn their controversies over to their own courts, sitting in secret, and abide by their decisions without further litigation.

British Embassy Refuses to Vise the Passports of Committee on Ireland

The British embassy yesterday refused to vize the passports of the members of the special commission selected by the unofficial commission inquiry on conditions in Ireland to visit Ireland to study conditions there at first-hand. This would bar the committee from Great Britain.

In reply to the notification of Sir Auckland Geddes' decision, which was made known in a letter sent to William Macdonald, secretary of the commission, Mr. Macdonald sent the following letter to the British ambassador.

"The American commission on conditions in Ireland, chosen by the committee of its members appointed to visit Great Britain 'to investigate conditions in Ireland.' Your statement assumes that the proceedings of the committee would necessarily partake of a quasi-judicial character impossible under the circumstances."

Purpose Misunderstood.

"We venture to suggest that the embassy has somewhat misunderstood both the situation and our own purpose. A committee of friendly American citizens deeply desirous of world peace might in a much simpler manner than you suggest ascertain the state of public opinion both in England and in Ireland, and learn facts not now understood in America. Indeed, some such step has seemed to

the commission imperative, in view of the fact that thus far, in spite of zealous efforts, we have been unable to secure competent witnesses to present testimony on the existing situation from non-republican British and Irish points of view.

In seeking to send our committee to Great Britain we have followed the suggestion originally given us by representatives of various groups prominent in both English and Irish life. We had expected that this step would meet with your approval in view of the fact that in his letter of the 23d of October, Sir Auckland Geddes stated that "the British government has more to gain than anyone in insuring that the truth is made known to the whole world," and is our firm conviction that such a committee as we had intended to send might make plain to the peoples both of England and Ireland the compelling reasons for America's interest. The American people are united by ties of blood to both countries. The Irish question deeply engrosses our people's interest. It is literally a domestic issue within the United States. If the present tragic conditions continue, they will menace world friendship and ultimate world peace.

Hope Decision Is Final.

"In view of these facts we cannot but hope that the decision of the British government is not final. Your letter were to represent the final opinion of the British government certain regrettable conclusions would seem to follow. It would seem to imply autocratic interference on the part of government with the free communication of friendly peoples. It would check for the moment at least, but sincere, effort toward the formation of international public opinion, which could be made to focus upon problems which threaten the peace of the world."

"The commission will continue its work in conformity with its original purpose. It cannot but hope that both in England and in Ireland there will be a full understanding of its friendly purposes, as each day's events make more evident the necessities inherent in the situation."

Today the announcement was made by President William H. Johnston of the machinists that arrangements for a conference between machinists, carpenters and American Federation of Labor representatives had been a success, and that the outlook was satisfactory.

State Department Officials Reticent to Comment on Bonar Law Assertion

Officials of the State Department observe diplomatic reticence regarding the Irish question, and will make no comment whatever on the assertion of Bonar Law in the British house of commons that the toleration of the anti-British activities of the Valera, the Irish "president," in the United States was an "unfriendly act."

It was stated that no "official" representations to that effect have been made and that the matter calls for no action in its present stage.

MACHINISTS AND A. F. L. REACH AN AGREEMENT

Trouble Clouds As the Result of Resolution at Convention Are Dispersed.

Trouble clouds hovering over the American Federation of Labor and the International Association of Machinists have been dispelled and a completely harmonious horizon has replaced them, it was announced today. The clouds gathered at the convention of the machinists early this fall when a resolution was adopted declaring that the machinists would cease paying per capita tax to the federation, meaning ultimate withdrawal unless steps were taken to enforce jurisdictional rulings laid down by the latter.

The basis of the trouble was the fight for jurisdiction of certain lines of work between the machinists' International Union and the federation. A break from the federation was threatened.

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Of our Great Birthday Celebration—Friday and Saturday will be your last opportunity to participate in this popular money-saving event. All our Novelty Shoes, all Low and High Shoes—in fact—Every Pair of Shoes

Discounted 10%

and a Pound Box of Martha Washington Candy Free with every pair of shoes

THE BOOTERY 928 F St. N.W. Leaders in Novelty Footwear

Footwear of Individuality

Anna Case—the glorious

Will sing for Washington music lovers at the National tomorrow

Hear her if you possibly can—the artist with the limpid-sweet soprano. Enjoy her bird-like notes, the purity of her tones, the sweetness of her expression.

But—if you can not get a seat next Friday don't be too disappointed!

Anna Case will sing For You in your own home

any time you wish on the New Edison, "The Phonograph with a soul."

See if you can tell this Edison reproduction from the real Anna Case.

This Edison Laboratory Model \$295

Delivered to your home.

No Payment Down Simply pay for \$5 worth of Records

"Mon coeur ne peut changer"—"My Heart Can Never Change"—Gounod.

"Les Oiseaux dans la Charmelle"—Doll song from "Tales of Hoffman."

"My Laddie"—Aria, mob scene from "Lucia."

"Ah, non creda mirarti"—"Scarce could I Believe It," from "La Sonambula."

(The phonograph shop, second floor)

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OLD DUTCH PURE LARD

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24c

HERSHEY'S CHOCOLATE 1 1/2 lb. Cake 20c

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Our Dupont Market Carries a Daily Supply of Fresh, Home-Dressed Chickens

Friday and Saturday Old Dutch Marketing—

SUBSTANTIAL FOODS—MONEY-SAVING PRICES

Lower Prices on Old Dutch Quality

Home-Dressed FRESH PORK

Pork Loins 26c

Whole, lb. 26c

Pork Loins 26c

Shoulder Ends, lb. 26c

Pork Chops 26c

Shoulder, lb. 26c

Fresh Hams 25c

Small and Lean, lb. 25c

Fresh Picnics 23c

Small and Lean, lb. 23c

Ham Cutlets 35c

Pound 35c

"FREDERICK COUNTY" PURE PORK SAUSAGE

Choice Native

STEER BEEF

Newport Roll, lb. 38c

Old Dutch Roll, lb. 22c

Hamburger Steak, lb. 20c

Chuck Roasts, lb. 22c

Bullion Roast, lb. 30c

Beef Liver, lb. 16c

Smoked Hams 28c

Small and lean, lb. 28c

Sugar-Cured Bacon 35c

In the pound 25c

Smoked Picnics, lb. 25c

Southern Style Bacon, lb. 20c

EGGS

"Millbrook" New Laid Every Egg Guaranteed 72c

Carton of 12

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6-lb. Sack 40c

12-lb. Sack 74c

24 1/2-lb. Sack \$1.48

Fruits and Vegetables

"York Imperial" Apples No. 1 grade, fancy stock, 1 1/2 pk. 15c

"Delicious" Apples extra fancy box stock, 1 1/2 pk. 30c

Grapefruit Large Size 3 for 25c

Medium Size 4 for 25c

Oranges Sweet and Juicy 20c and 30c Doz.

Cabbage Solid Heads 2c pound

Potatoes No. 1 grade, Round Potatoes 39c peck

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